

Analysis of Heat Distributions on Riemannian Metric Measure Spaces with a Lower Ricci Curvature Bound

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Fractal Geometry and Related Areas (Mar. 21–22, 2016)

1. Introduction & overview

Analysis on metric measure spaces

$(X, d, \mathfrak{m})$: Polish metric measure space

$\mathfrak{m}$: σ -finite, loc. finite,

d : geodesic distance

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \forall x_0, x_1 \in X, \exists \gamma : [0, 1] \rightarrow X \text{ s.t.} \\ \gamma_i = x_i \ (i = 0, 1) \\ \& \ d(\gamma(s), \gamma(t)) = |s - t|d(x_0, x_1) \end{array} \right]$$

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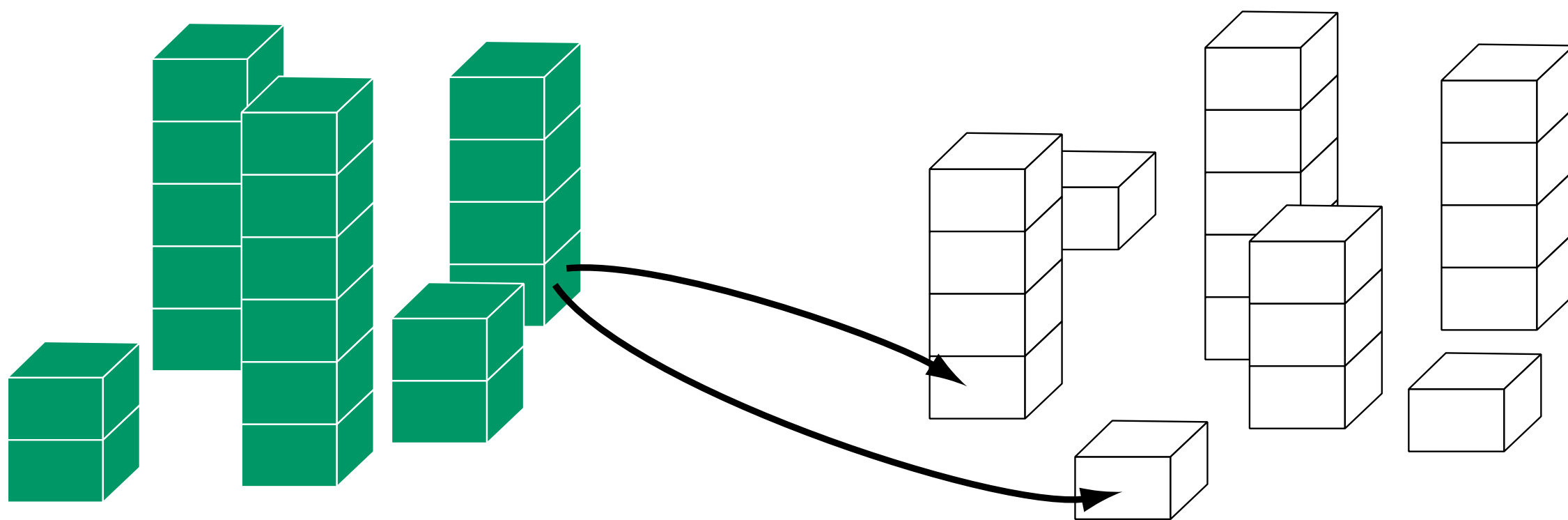
★ Optimal transport works as a fundamental tool

What's optimal transport?

- Bring a mass $\mu \in \mathcal{P}(X)$ to $\nu \in \mathcal{P}(X)$
- $c(x, y)$: cost to bring a unit mass from x to y

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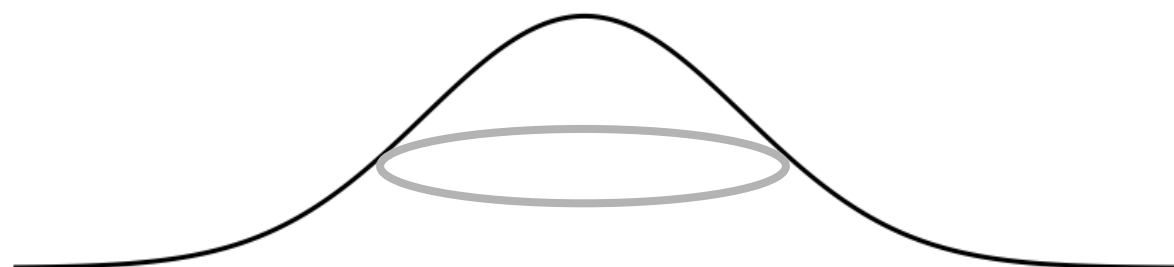
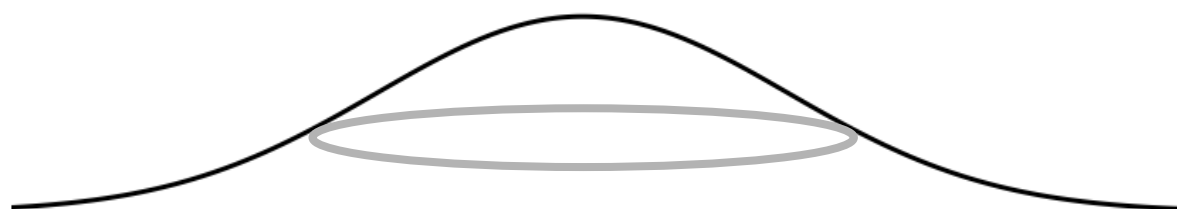
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Optimal transportation cost

$$\mathcal{T}_c(\mu, \nu) := \inf_{\pi \in \Pi(\mu, \nu)} \int_{X \times X} c(x, y) \pi(dx dy)$$

$$\Pi(\mu, \nu) := \left\{ \pi \in \mathcal{P}(X^2) \mid \begin{array}{l} \pi(A \times X) = \mu(A), \\ \pi(X \times A) = \nu(A) \end{array} \right\}$$



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Q.

Modification/Generalization of these conditions?

Outline of the talk

- 1. Introduction**
- 2. Basics of optimal transport**
- 3. Heat flow**
- 4. Applications**
- 5. Extensions to other framework**

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Wasserstein distance

L^p -Wasserstein distance ($p \in [1, \infty)$)

$$W_p(\mu, \nu) := \mathcal{T}_{d^p}(\mu, \nu)^{1/p} \left(= \inf_{\pi \in \Pi(\mu, \nu)} \|d\|_{L^p(\pi)} \right)$$

- W_p : (pseudo-)distance
- Conv. in $W_p \Leftrightarrow$ weak conv. & unif. p -th moment
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(e.g. separability/completeness ($p < \infty$))

Superposition principle ($p < \infty$)

$$\mathcal{P}_p(X) := \{\mu \in \mathcal{P}(X) \mid W_p(\delta_o, \mu) < \infty\}$$

$\text{Geo}(X)$: sp. of const. speed geod.'s on X

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- $\exists \Gamma \in \mathcal{P}(\text{Geo}(X))$ s.t.

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Curvature-Dimension conditions

[von Renesse & Sturm '05]

For X : cpl Riem. mfd with $\partial X = \emptyset$,

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$$\text{"}\nabla^2 \text{Ent} - \frac{1}{N} \nabla \text{Ent}^{\otimes 2} \geq K\text{"}$$

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$$\star |f(\gamma_1) - f(\gamma_0)| \leq \int_0^1 |\nabla f|_w(\gamma_s) |\dot{\gamma}_s| ds$$

for a.e. trajectories $(\gamma_s)_{s \in [0,1]}$ of “nice” transports
 $\Gamma \in \mathcal{P}(C([0,1] \rightarrow X))$

[Ambrosio, Gigli & Savaré '13]

$\text{RCD}^*(K, N)$ space

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(Basic) properties

- “ $\partial_t(\mu P_t) = -\nabla \text{Ent}(\mu P_t)$ ” on $(\mathcal{P}_2(X), W_2)$
- **Ch**: str. local quasi-reg. Dirichlet form admitting carré du champ ($\rightsquigarrow$ Brownian motion $(B(t), \mathbb{P}_x)$)
- Bakry-Émery's curv.-dim. cond. **BE** (K, N)
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- Bakry-Émery's **curv.-dim. cond.** **BE(K, N)**
“ $\frac{1}{2}\Delta|\nabla f|_w^2 - \langle \nabla f, \nabla \Delta f \rangle_w \geq K|\nabla f|_w^2 + \frac{1}{N}(\Delta f)^2$ ”

$$\mathbf{RCD}^*(K, N) \Rightarrow \mathbf{BE}(K, N)$$

$N = \infty$ [AGS '13–'15 / AG, Mondino & Rajala '15]

$\mathbf{RCD}(K, \infty)$: $\nabla^2 \text{Ent} \geq K$ & P_t : linear

$\Rightarrow$

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- (All) extensions to $N < \infty$ [EKS '15]

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Notation

N: $N < \infty$ is essential

R: “Riemannian” is essential

Geometric properties of $\mathbf{RCD}^*(K, N)$

- (Sharp) Bishop-Gromov volume comparison
- (Sharp) Bonnet-Myers diameter bound
- Stable under mGH-conv. [Gigli, Mondino & Savaré]
- Tensorization [EKS]
- $\mathbf{RCD}_{\text{loc}}^*(K, N) \Rightarrow \mathbf{RCD}^*(K, N)$ [EKS]
- Cones [Ketterer '15]
- Ess. nonbranching geod.'s [Rajala & Sturm '14]
- Rigidity results (Splittig thm [Gigli]/Max. diam. [Ketterer '15]/ Lichnerowicz-Obata [Ketterer])
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- $\mathbf{W}_2(0, N) \Rightarrow \mathcal{W}\text{-entropy} \searrow$ & its rigidity
[K. & X.-D. Li, in progress]

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Extensions to other class of sp.'s

- Alexandrov sp.'s $\subset$ **RCD** sp.'s [Petrinin '11]
- Finsler mfd's [Ohta & Sturm '09/...]]
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